

过量位点蛋白 1 抗体

产品货号： mlR12846

英文名称： SURF1

中文名称： 过量位点蛋白 1 抗体

别名： OTTHUMP00000022473; OTTHUMP00000022474; SURF 1; SURF-1; Surf1; SURF1_HUMAN; Surfeit 1; Surfeit locus protein 1.

研究领域： 肿瘤 细胞生物 神经生物学 信号转导

抗体来源： Rabbit

克隆类型： Polyclonal

交叉反应： Human, Mouse, Rat, Horse,

产品应用： ELISA=1:500-1000 IHC-P=1:400-800 IHC-F=1:400-800 ICC=1:100-500 IF=1:100-500 （石蜡切片需做抗原修复）

not yet tested in other applications.

optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

分子量： 33, 80 and 116kDa

细胞定位： 细胞浆

性状： Lyophilized or Liquid

浓度： 1mg/ml

免疫原 : KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human SURF1:131-230/300

亚型 : IgG

纯化方法 : affinity purified by Protein A

储存液 : 0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.

保存条件 : Store at -20 ° C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20° C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 ° C.

PubMed : PubMed

产品介绍 : This gene encodes a protein localized to the inner mitochondrial membrane and thought to be involved in the biogenesis of the cytochrome c oxidase complex. The protein is a member of the SURF1 family, which includes the related yeast protein SHY1 and rickettsial protein RP733. The gene is located in the surf1 gene cluster, a group of very tightly linked genes that do not share sequence similarity, where it shares a bidirectional promoter with SURF2 on the opposite strand. Defects in this gene are a cause of Leigh syndrome, a severe neurological disorder that is commonly associated with systemic cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

Probably involved in the biogenesis of the COX complex.

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion inner membrane.

DISEASE:

Defects in SURF1 are a cause of Leigh syndrome (LS) [MIM:256000]. LS is a severe neurological disorder characterized by bilaterally symmetrical necrotic lesions in subcortical brain regions that is commonly associated

with systemic cytochrome c oxidase (COX) deficiency.

Similarity:

Belongs to the SURF1 family.

SWISS:

Q15526

Gene ID:

6834

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.